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Phylogenic Relationships in the Drosophila Nasuta Species Droup (Diptera: Drosophilidae): A RAPD Approach

利用 RAPD 的方法探討輝顏果蠅 Drosophila nasuta 種亞群的親緣關係(雙翅目:果蠅科)

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Abstract

Random amplified polymorphic DNA (RAPD) analysis was applied to 14 species and subspecies of the Drosophila nasuta subgroup of the D. immigrans species group, plus D. immigrans as an outgroup. Forty primers of an arbitrary nucleotide sequence plus 2 pyruvate kinase gene-specific primers were used to amplify DNA fragments from genomic DNA of the 15 genotypes. Different RAPD fragment patterns were observed for different species, even subspecies. A dendrogram of the 15 genotypes was reconstructed using UPGMA of cluster analysis of SPSS. Data from the RAPD analysis is in concordance with that from morphological diagnostic characters in the D. nasuta subgroup, especially in the relationships between D. nasuta and D. albomicans; D. sulfurigaster spp. and Taxon-I, Taxon-j, and D. pallidifrons.

Key words: Drosophila nasuta; RAPD; Phylogenic relationships

中文摘要

本研究以RAPD的分析方法針對輝顏果困蠅 Drosophila nasuta 種亞群中的 14 個種及亞種進行親緣關係的分析並以 D. immigrans 為外群。40 個隨機 多型性核酸引子及 2 個丙酮酸鹽激專一的引子來放大此 15 個基因型的基因 組 DNA。觀察得知不同的種甚至亞種均可得到不同 DNA 條帶模式。一個 系統樹則應用 SPSS 套裝軟體的群聚分析程式以 UPGMA 的方式建立之。從 RAPD 的資料顯示,其結果和以形態診斷所得結果具一致性,尤其在 D. nasuta 與 D. albomicans 之間; D. sulfurigaster 亞種間;及 Taxon-I, Taxon-J及 D. pallidifrons 之間的關係更為明顯。

關鍵字:輝顏果蠅; RAPD; 親緣關係